Can we ever forget when he joined the brave band Who rose in defence of our dear Southern land, And, in his bright youth, hurried on to the fray, How proudly he donned it, the jacket of grev.

His fond mother blessed him, and looked up above. Commending to Heaven the child of her love; What anguish was hers, mortal tongue may not say, When he passed f.om our sight in the jacket of grey.

But her country had called, and she would repine, Though costly the sacrifice placed on the shrine; Her heart's dearest hopes on the altar she lay, When she sent out her boy in the jacket of grey. Months passed, and war's thunders rolled over the land,

Unsheathed was the sword, and lighted the brand : We heard in the distance the sounds of the fray, And prayed for our boy in the jacket of grey. Ah! vain, all, all vain, were our prayers and our tears;

The glad shout of victory rang in our ears ; But our treasured one on the red battle-field lay. While the life-blood oozed out on the jacket of grey,

The cold, lifeless form to his home by the shore; Oh! dark were our hearts on that terrible day, When we saw our dead boy, in the jacket of grey. Ah! spotted and tattered and stained now with gore

His young comrades found him and tenderly bore

Was the garment which once he so proudly wore ; We bitterly wept, as we took it away, And replaced, with death's white robes, his jacket of grey. When we laid him to rest in his cold, narrow bed, And graved on the marble we placed o'er his head,

As the proudest of tributes our sad hearts could pay,

He never disgraced the jacket of grey." Then fold it up carefully, lay it aside, Tenderly touch it, look on it with pride-For dear must it be to our hearts evermore,

The jacket of grey our soldier-boy wore. AN ACT

To Establish Work Houses or Houses of Correction in the Several Counties of the State.

Section 1. By it enacted by the General Assembly of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, a majority being present and ablish in their respective counties one or more fit and convenient houses of correction, with workshops and othor suitable buildings for the safe keeping, correcting, govrning and employing of offenders legally committed thereto. They may also, to that end, procure machinery and material suitable for such employment in said houses said shall vest in the directors hereinafter provided for, and their successors in office. The said Justices shall also have power to make, from time to time, such rules and regulations as they may deem proper for the kind and mode of labor, and the general management of the said

Sec. 2. The County Court shall annually appoint not wardens of the poor may act as such) for each house of correction which may be established, whose duty it shall be to superintend and direct the manager hereinafter named in the discharge of his duties; to visit said houses at least once in every three months, to see that the laws, cules & regulations relating thereto are duly executed and enforced, and that the persons committed to his charge are properly cared for, and not abused or oppressed. They shall keep a journal of their proceedings, and publish annually an account of their receipts and expenditures, in like manner as the court of wardens of the poor are required to do; they shall further make a quarterly report their respective County Courts of the general condition of their charge, and of the receipts and expenditures of the institution. They shall also make such by-laws and regulations for the government thereof as shall be necessary, which shall be reported to and approved by the said Court. The directors shall be paid for the serices rendered by the County Trustee, in the manner pro-

ided in chapter eighty-six, section twenty-two. Sec. 3. The Justices of the several Courts of Pleas and Quarter sessions, a majority being present, thall appoint a manager for each house or establishment, who shall give a bond with two or more able sureties, in such sum as may be required, payable to the State of North Carolina, conditioned for the faithful discharge of his luties. He shall hold his office during the pleasure of they shall be the sole judges, he may be forthwith removed by them and a successor appointed, who shall discharge the duties of the office until another manager and to like effect as if the same had been originally com shall be appointed by the Court. It shall be the duty of the manager to receive all persons sent to the house of correction, to keep them during the time of their sentence, and to employ and to control them according to rectors of his management of the institution and his re-

Sec. 4. The said Court shall direct what compensation servants as shall be appointed, shall receive, and provide

Sec, 5. The Justices of the several Courts of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, in addition to the tax for the maintenance of the poor, shall also, at the same time said tax is laid, lay such tax as may be necessary to carry into effect the provisions of this act, which shall be collected and paid to the manager at the same time as other county axes are directed to be paid: for which, and such other ands as may come into his hands as manager, he shall be accountable, and he shall disburse the same under the anthority of the directors.

Sec. 6. If any offender shall abscond, escape or depart from any house of correction without license, the mana-ger shall have power to pursue, retake and bring him. back, and to require all necessary aid for that purpose; and when brought back, the manager may confine him to his work by fetters or shackels, or in such manner as administer all oaths required in the course of such prohe may judge necessary, or may put him in close con- ceedings. Any supposed creditor whose claims shall be the house of correction for the term of one month in adlition to the time for which he was first committed.

Sec. 7. If any person shall behave well and reform, he

original with the papers in the case.

Sec. 9. The manager shall assign to each person sent

onds to raise money to establish the houses and farms her in provided for.

Sec. 12. Whenever any work house or house of correction shall be established in pursuance of the provisions of this act, it shall be the duty of the Chairman of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of the county wherein the same shall be established, to certify the fact to the Governor, who shall cause it to be noted in a book kept

Sec. 13. All suits brought on be half of the institution shall, unless it be otherwise prescribed, be brought in the name of the State of North Carolina to the use of the directors of the work house, without designating such direc-

SEC. 14. This act to go into effect from its ratification. Ratified March 2d, 1866.

AN ACT

To Regulate Salaries and Fees. Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Attorney General one hundred dollars for his attendance on each term of the Supreme Court, the provisions of this act, shall, upon the appointment and the Roman Catholic priesthood, at Philadelphia.

Wilmington Iournal.

Bills, &c.

resentatives.

having been stockholders or members of such corporation

due the Banks contracted with a branch Bank shall be

SEC. 10. Be it further enacted, That this act shall be in force from and after its ratification. Ratified the 12th day of March, 1866.

[Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun.]

Conflict of Congress and the Executive_System of

Reform and Removals by the President_An-

The conflict between Congress and the Execu-

tion next Fall, by effecting a thorough change of

Two hundred members of the present House

are fighting for re-election, and the President and

his power of removal and appointment stand in

their way. Of course Congress will endeavor to

head him off, and will fight it out on that line, if

But if, in consequence of this conflict, appro-

priations should fail for the postal service, the

loss will not fall more heavily upon the President's friends than his opponents. The President will

not, probably, be deterred from his course of re-

form by the menaces of Congress. If he removes

the chief offices which are in his gift, and no pro-

vision be made to pay those officers whom he may

appoint, then the offices will remain vacant, and

may be shut up till the war of Congress upon the

and postoffices and internal revenue offices might

be closed up for a year or two, and so all other of-

It has now become apparent that Congress can

not adjourn during the term for which it was elect-

THE "HERMITAGE" TENDERED TO GOVERNMENT.

day a bill passed a first reading tendering the man-

sion house at the Hermitage (Jackson's residence

and two hundred acres of ground, on condition

Academy or some other public institution. The

rest of the estate, about three hundred acres, is to

THE CHOLERA SHIPS AT NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, April 25 .- Twelve deaths have oc-

urred on the hospital ship since the last report.

Five new cases have been received. Dr. Bessel,

board the England everything is tranquil. The

STEAMBOAT DISASTER.

RAILROAD DISASTER-PASSENGERS INJURED.

road, Dr. Allen, of Galveston, Dr. Baring, of

CREVASSES.

Dr. Bruce, of Georgia, has accepted the invita-

tion to give a history of Methodism to the Confer-

General Canby has refused to permit the issue

of writs of habeas corpus to the Treasury cotton

The crevasses below this city are widening and

the levee commissioners are making efforts to stop

From Mexico.

Senor Romeo has reports of late victories of the

Liberals over the Imperialists in Mexico. Through

him it is stated that the Liberal forces under Gen-

eral Perazas took the city of Chihuahua by storm

on the 25th of March, after abstinate resistance,

oners, and that the city of Hidalgo de Paral was

also captured by assault on the 22d of the same

victory of Hidalgo has restored the whole of the

capturing the entire war material any many pris-

The floods above are also increasing.

leans Railroad, were badly wounded.

Government.

the flood.

Galveston, Texas, April 22.

NEW ORLEANS, April 24.

CINCINNATI, April 15.

ment for the whole property.

NASHVILLE, April 24.—In the State Senate to

ed without yielding the field to the President.

fices which might be left vacant in the course of

may deem effective for their purpose.

the political character of the next House of Rep-

Washington, April 25.

VOL. 22.

in gold.

WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 3, 1866.

NO. 13.

and twenty dollars for each term of the Superior Court of qualification of a Commissioner thereunder, be deemed any county he shall attend and the fees allowed in chap- and taken to all intents and purposes to be a surrender ter one hundred and two Revised Code; each Solicitor of by such Bank of all the corporate rights and franchise the State twenty dollars for every term of the Superior granted to such Bank; and all laws by virtue of which any Court he shall attend and fees allowed in chapter one hundred and two Revised Code; Reporter of the decisions of the Supreme Court, six hundred dollars and fees allowed all the effects and consequences following or incident to in chapter one hundred and two Revtsed Code; Public Li- the dissolution of a corporation at common law shall ensue brarian six hundred dollars; Messenger in Governor's of- thereon, any statue law of this State to the contrary fice three hundred dollars; Clerk of the Superior Court five hundred dollars as heretofore, besides the fees allowed in chapter one hundred and two Revised Code; Clerks of the Superior and County Courts, Clerks and Masters in Equity, jurors and witnesses fifty per cent. in addition to the fees allowed in chapter one hundred and two Revised Code; Revised Codes Revised in the Commissioner, as provided by this act, shall not be in any way diverted or impaired thereby, nor shall the rights of any creditor of such Bank against such Commissioner or against the estate or effects so vested in the Commissioner or against the estate or effects so vested in the Commissioner or against the estate or effects so vested in the Commissioner or against the estate or effects so vested in the Commissioner or against the estate or effects so vested in the Commissioner or against the estate or effects so vested in the Commissioner or against the estate or effects so vested in the Commissioner or against the estate or effects so vested in the Commissioner or against the estate or effects so vested in the Commissioner or against the estate or effects so vested in the Commissioner or against the estate or effects so vested in the Commissioner or against the estate or effects so vested in the Commissioner or against the estate or effects so vested in the Commissioner or against the estate or effects so vested in the Commissioner or against the estate or effects so vested in the Commissioner or against the estate or effects so vested in the Commissioner or against the estate or effects so vested in the Commissioner or against the estate or effects chapter one hundred and two Revised Code: Provided, in him, be thereby impaired or in any way affected, and That the salaries and fees hereinbefore fixed are to be re- such Commissioner shall thereupon be considered as the garded as payable in currency of the United States, and plaintiff in the pending proceedings; and provided further, may be hereafter reduced by the General Assembly, but that should there be any balance remaining in the hands this reduction shall not be below the present relative value of any such Commissioner after the satisfaction of the of gold to said currency, and shall in that case be payable | claims of such creditors, the Commissioner under the direction of the court shall distribute and pay the same to

Sec. 2. Be it further enated, That all laws and clauses of laws coming in conflict with this act or with such provisions of chapter one hundred and two Revised Code, as are at the time of its dissolution as aforesaid, or their legal not superseded by this act, be and the same are hereby representatives. Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That this act shall be in

force from its ratification and thh legal effect and opera- brought in the county where the branch was established tion shall not be controlled by the thirty-fifth section of and if brought in any other county may be dismissed on chapter fifty-two Revised Code Ratified this 27th day of February, A. D. 1866. S. F. PHILLPS, S. H. C. THOMAS SETTLE, S. S.

THE NORTH CAROLINA BANKING LAW.

An Act to enable the Banks of the State to Close

their Business. Whereas the financial policy of the Federal Government dopted to maintain the national credit, with the heavy taxes imposed by that Government on the Banks of the State, makes it absolutely necessary that said Banks should close their business, and renders a further con- Senate is now decidedly hostile, and its action will tinuance of their corporate existence idle and useless to be more aggressive than it has ever been. If two the people of the State.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State f North Carolina, and it is hereby enacted by the authoriy of the same, That if the Stockholders of any of the mand a two-thirds power, and legislation may be Banks chartered by the General Assembly of this State | conducted independently of the Executive veto or shall be unwilling to close the business of their Banks by of Constitutional restrictions. an assignment, and are desirous to appropriate all the estate and effects of such Bank for the benefit of its creditors, and to close its business and surrender their char- or emolument to civil officers who may be appointtered rights and franchise in conformity with the subse- ed by the President, until he shall be confirmed quent provisions of this act, such Stockholders may by their bill in equity in the name of such Bank filed in the Court, of Equity of the county in which the principal Bank or any of its branches may be located, require the creditors of such Bank to prefer and establish their demands within such time (not less than twelve months after decree therefor) as shall be allowed by the court. The court shall upon filing such bill appoint as Commissioner a suitable person accounted with the horizons of such a suitable person acquainted with the business of such upon a general system of reform, which will sweep Bank, who shall be paid for his services such sum as may his Radical opponents from posts of inflence and be allowed by the court. Such Commissioner shall give emolument. He will, as far as possible, select for bond with ample security, payable to the State for the office conservative men of the party which elected faithful discharge of his duties in such sum as shall be approved by the court, which bond shall be filed in court him; men who can be relied upon to stand by his and may be sued on for the use of such persons as the policy of restoration and promote it, at the elec-Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That the Commissioner

appointed as aforesaid, upon tiling the bond required of him, shall fortwhith become, and so long as he shall con-tinue such commissioner and no longer, shall be vested with all the estate, effects and rights of action which such Bank possessed, had or held or was vested with, at the time of filing such bill, and which such Bank could at that time have lawfully sold, assigned or transferred, including all debts due to such Bank or to any person for its use and all liens and securities therefor. The court may require it takes not only all summer, but all the autumn. such Bank by its Cashier or other proper officer to endorse without recourse, all such bills or notes, draw all such checks or orders for money and execute such other paper. writings as the court shall deem necessary or useful to for services will pass. The President will veto the enable the Commissioner to demand or recover and re- bill, because it is clearly unconstitutional. Will ceive the estate and effects of such Bank for the benefit of the Senate pass it over the President's head ?its creditors. The Commissioner shall have the like remedy to receive all the estate, debts and effects. They will do this if they can, and with the expect-killing a freedman in Warren county, has received in New York from cholera in the years 1832, 1834, for the President." edy to recover and receive all the estate, debts and effects such Bank might have had if no proceedings had been had under this act; and should any such Bank have made may deem effective for their purpose. was sentenced to one year's imprisonment, has been pardoned by President Johnson, and that any sale or transfer of its property or effects, fraudulent as to its creditors but valid as between the parties, in such cases such Commissioner shall stand in the place of the creditors, and may recover and receive such property or effects so fraudulently sold or transferred, although such Bank could not have done so. In all suits prosecuted by such Commissioner, at law or in equity, the plaintiff shall be styled "The Commissioner," (adding thereto the name of the particular Bank for which he has been appointed the Commissioner) and if at the time of filing such bill by any Bank any action at law or proceeding or suit in equity shall be pending in the name of such Bank for the recovery of any estate, debt or demand which might or ought to be vested in such Commissioner aforesaid, such Commissioner shall be admitted to prosecute the same in Executive shall have ceased. The custom-houses like manner and to like effect; and no suit pending at any time for the recovery of any estate debt or demand in the he Court, and be at all times under the supervision of name of such Commissioner shall be abated by the death the directors; and in case of his misconduct, of which or removal of such Commissioner, but a Commissioner to be appointed in such cases (as is hereinafter provided) shall be admitted to prosecute the same in like manner

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, That the Commissioner aforesaid shall in all things connected with the discharge of his duties as Commissioner, act under the direction and the rules and regulations established therefor. He shall orders of the court; and if any such Commissioner shall have the direction and control over the subordidate offi- refuse or unreasonably delay or neglect to obey any rule, ers, assistants and servants, who may be appointed by order or decree of the court, it shall be the duty of the the directors. He shall make monthly reports to the di- court to remove such Commissioner, and upon such removal or upon any vacancy by death or otherwise, the ourt shall appoint some other person Commissioner, who that the United States government would estabshall enter into bond in such sum as the court shall direct lish on it a branch of the West Point Military the manager and such subordinate officers, assistants and | in like manner and for the like uses and purposes as provided in cases of the Commissioner first appointed; and rights of action vested in such Bank after the time of be sold, and the proceeds are to be applied to the filing its bill, not before lawfully disposed of by any former Commissioner, shall be forthwith vested in such new ment for the whole property. Commissioner as legally and effectually as if he had been the Commissioner first appointed; and the court shall have the power to require any former Commissioner or the representative of any deceased Commissioner, to surrender to such new Commissioner any such estate, effects, money or evidence of debt which of right should be in the ands or possession of such new Commissioner. SEC. 4. Be it further enacted, That all demands of creditors may be preferred and proved before such commis-

sioner, and for all purposes connected with the investiga-

tion of the demands of any person claiming to be a credi-

finement in the county jail or elsewhere, until he shall wholly or in part disallowed by any commissioner, may submit to the regulations of the house of correction; and appeal to the Court, where the same shall be determined for every escape, each offender shall be holden to labor in according to the course of the Court, or decided at law, panic. as the Court may direct; and in all such appeals the case shall be docketed in the name of the creditor against "The Commissioner of ——" (adding the name of the may on the certificate of the manager, be released by Bank of which he is commissioner,) and shall be tried and the directors, if committed as a vagrant; but if other-wise committed he may be released by the committing cases in which any such commissioner shall be a party, authority, upon the certificate of the manager and direc- whether plaintiff or defendant, and it shall appear that there has been mutual credit given by the Bank and any SEC. 8. Whenever any person shall be sentenced to a other corporation or any person who is the opposite party workhouse, he shall forthwith be committed by the Court or there are mutual debts between them, whether such to the custody of the Sheriff, to whom the clerk shall im- debts be due and payable or not, the account between the which it shall be stated (if the fact be so) that the offend- the other, and the balance of such account only shall be or is committed as a vagrant. The Sheriff shall convey allowed or paid on either side respectively; and the costs the offender to the work house, and deliver him to the in all cases shall be paid by either party as the court shall manager with the certified copy aforesaid, and take the direct. The commissioner shall from time to time premanager's receipt for the body; which receipt the Sheriff pare statements in writing of all claims allowed by him; shall return to the clerk of the Court, with his endorse- showing the character of such claims and the evidence on | 000. ment of the times when the offender was committed to which their validity is based : and there shall be no aphim and delivered to the manager; and the clerk shall re- plication of any funds in the hands of such commissioner cord the same in a book kept for that purpose, and file the to the satisfaction in whole or in part of any claim whatever, except under a rule or order of the court therefor. Sec. 5. Be it further enacted, That the court to the work house the kind of work in which such person shall make all proper orders and decrees for the collection of the assets of such Bank, of every Chappei Hill, and Charles Enger, of the New Or-Sec. 10. The directors shall continue in office until nature and description, and for the payment of others shall be appointed; and if any vacancy happen the costs and expenses incident to the proceedings. The among them, it shall be filled by the residue of the directors, creditors whose claims and demands have been proved THE METHODIST CONFERENCE—COTTON AGENTS— SEC. 11. The Justices of the Court, a majority being and established as aforesaid against the estate and effects present, may, if deemed advisable by them, issue county of such Bank in the hands of the Commissioner, shall be entitled to payment in satisfaction of the same out of the assets in hands of such Commissioner, as the court shall order and direct; and all such claims and demands not prosecuted, proved and established according to the provisions of this act within the time allowed by the decree ence. of the court therefor, shall be barred of recovery by any action at law or other proceeding in equity; and any suit brought for their recovery otherwise than is herein provided shall on the plea of the Commissioner of such Bank

be abated, or on his motion be dismissed. SEC. 6. Be it further enacted, That it shall not be neceslar persons or corporations parties by name, but it shall be sufficient if the defendants be denominated creditors of the particular Bank in behalf of which suit may be instituted; and notice of the bill shall be published for the space of thirty days so soon as it may be filed in at least fifteen newspapers, one of which shall be published in the city of Raleigh; one in the city of Charleston, S. C.; one in the city of Richmond, Va.; one in the city of Baltimore, Md.; one in the city of Philadelphia; one in the city of

dollars; counsellors of State, the same compensation which is allowed to a member of the General Asembly, for every day he may attend on public business and for every thirty miles traveling to and from the city of Raleigh on be necessary or required for expediting the settlement of month by the Liberals under Colonel Vacquez. public business; the judges of the Supreme and Superior all controversies between any Commissioner appointed The occupation of the city of Chihuahua and the Courts, twenty-five hundred dollars; Public Treasurer, under this act, and other parties, for the guidance and intwo thousand dollars; Chief Clerk of the Treasurer, fif- struction of any Commissioner in any matter connected two hundred and fifty dollars and fees allowed in chap- pointment of a Commissioner, or for the speedy execution Juarez was to leave El Paso for the city of Chihuateen hundred dollars; Secretary of State, one thousand with the discharge of his duties, for the removal or apter one hundred and two Revised Code; Private Secretary of any of the powers by this act conferred on a court of hua in a few days.

STATE NEWS.

GEN. R. E. LEE, -This distinguished southerner and military chief, we understand, is to be present at the June commencement at Chapel Hill. This fact will impart additional interest to that a welcome and enthusiastic reception, but this constitutional amendment, will be so from the fact that he is a ripe scholar. Besides, he has since the surrender at Appomatthe South to proceed with the work of restoration; to revive their educational interests; to go to work and among those who shall be justly entitled thereto as either with head or hand; and thus secure social and pecuniary independence. Let him come, then, and give us an opportunity to manifest the respect we bear him as well as benefit by his wise be enacted. Its friends claim for it a majority of Sec. 9. Be it further enacted, That all suits on debts counsels.—Progress.

Personal.—Major General J. B. Steedman and Brigadier General James S. Fullerton, detailed by President Johnson to inspect the workings of Freedmen's Bureaus in the Southern States, arat the Yarborough House.

other Veto to Come_Failure of Appropriation | we are not able to state; but long enough no duced by Commissioner French. A number of doubt to obtain accurate knowledge of the senti- Chippewa Indians were also granted an audience in the United States, is the one which warms the ments of our citizens and their attitude towards by the President. the government at Washington. We bespeak for cannot longer be deferred. The temper of the the courtesy and confidence of our people.

THE WORK AMONG FREEDMEN. - Rev. H. M. Tupmore votes be added to the Republican majority per, a graduate of Newton Seminary, and now a by the admission of Colorado, the Senate will commissionary to the freedmeen of Raleigh, writes most humble and faithful Christians. He says: The provision about to be adopted denying pay

savings while a soldier. Some one must make the sacrifice, and I am on the field, see the need, and cannot withhold. We shall at once commence the work of building a church. I labor on boldly, trusting in God, endeavoring has softened the hearts of some who were bitterly opposed to us at the beginning."—N. Y. Evening Post,

THE SCOTT OUTRAGE. - Some seven or eight of the ruffians engaged in the recent outrage on Mr. Scott and his family, at Deep Gully, have been arrested and are now confined in the city jail. The of arson, if not of burglary and robbery. Newbern Commercial..

The remains of Capt. E. O. Daily, of Fayette- ed home. ville, were interred in that city lately. There are fifty students at Wake Forrest Col-

A vessel at Portsmouth is now discharging

fisheries.

Greensboro' has gas in her streets.

selonging to such Bank at the time of filing its bill, as ed addition of two votes they expect to have two- a dispatch from Washington that Mrs. Ball who 1849 and 1854 been pardoned by President Johnson, and that she will be released in a few days.—Ral. Standard.

Baptism—The Revival.—In spite of wind, cold, cloud and mud, the Baptists still prosecute their religious efforts. Last night, the church was well attended; a large number of penitents appeared by Rev. C. C. Chaplin, of Danville.

At the M. E. Charch we suppose the good work on the other side of it. prospers.—Ral. Progress. The light-house at Wade's Point, Virginia, and the Croatan light, near Roanoke Island, North

Carolina, will soon be rebuilt.

We learn from the Fayetteville Presbyterian that Col. John W. Hinsdale of that place has been admitted to practice by the Supreme Court of New York. Colonel H. intends, we believe, to New York of the Supreme Court of New York of New Y make his future home in Arkansas.

The Funding Acr.—We are gratified to learn securities under the act of the late Legislature. As very many of these applications come from

mercies" of the Radicals.—Raleigh Sentinel. the deputy health officer, is among the sick. On upon the social and political status of the South- and in all probability that will be the only case passengers are cheerful and hopeful. There is no will, we suppose, be called upon to-day by the determined to try Davis, and in that event no efappearance of further disease on board, and the more prominent of our citizens of all parties, from fort will be made to try Wise during the May cles, is coming to America. tor as aforesaid, the commissioner shall have power to amusements of the passengers are such as to in- whom they can obtain correct information as to term. cite mirth and prevent any conversation which the true condition of things in our midst. They may superinduce fear or despondency—two very are, we doubt not, honorable, fair-minded and may superinduce fear or despondency—two very necessary ingredients in getting up a cholera courteous gentlemen, who will give a true and faithful report of the condition of things here, and without modification.—Wash. Cor. New York we shall be much mistaken if they do not arrive | Times, April 23. at a very different conclusion in regard to the justice and loyalty of our people, from that of many A Memphis dispatch to the Gazette says that the of the letter writers for the Northern papers. steamer John Raymond exploded her boiler and Salisbury Old North State.

took fire when near Island No. 40, at 10 o'clock yesterday morning. The first engineer was blown overboard and lost; the second engineer was bad- son, Esq., has returned from the South, where he by the dragging of a vessel's cable. It lifted an preferment, it is difficult to say which. ly scalded, and six firemen and deck hands more was acting in the Quartermaster's Department. immense volume of water and presented quite a mediately furnish a certified copy of the sentence, in parties shall be stated, and one debt shall be set off against or less injured. After floating five miles down the He was first engaged at Nashville, Tenn., and from grand appearance. stream the fire was extinguished and the passen- there was transferred to Raleigh, N. C., where he gers were rescued by the steamer Tennessee and has been the past year. He is an Andy Johnson taken to Memphis. The Raymond was valued at | man, and says the people of North Carolina are \$15,000. The damages will amount to about \$2,- peaceable and well disposed towards the government, holding a Radical Congress responsible for denying them their representation in that body and their rightful place in the Union. Canton (Ohio) Democrat. By a disaster on the Washington Central Rail-

Personal.—The venerable Ex-Chief Justice Ruffin, and the Hon. Josiah Turner, Jr., were in this city, on yesterday. - Sentinel, 27th.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

The Austrian-Prussian Difficulties_War Considered Inevitable.

NEW YORK, April 14. The steamship America, from Southampton on

the 11th inst., has arrived at quarantine. The of writes of named corpus to the freasury cotton agents who are charged with frauds upon the ship Eliza from New York, for Bremen, was run one of his judgments revoked by the arbitrary ill health, and the Rev. Alfred B. Baker, lately of man perished.

AUSTRIA AND PRUSSIA. The Times's Paris correspondent says Marshal

Niel, who commands one of the greatest of the French military divisions, has had interviews with the Emperor in Paris, and is inferred that if war breaks out between Prussia and Austria a corps of observation would be formed on the Rhine, Marshal Niel commanding. The Marshal was sent to Turin just before the last Italian war commenced. Prussia's reply to the Austrian note has created

explain the meaning of her warlike preparations. done through the medium of fairs. The Italian embassador at Berlin, in a dispatch to Florence, considers war between Austria and State of Chihuahua to the Liberals. President Prussia to be inevitable. Italy is preparing, in An extraordinary session of the Federal Diet has taken place. Prussia proposes a convocation

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

NEWS SUMMARY.

THE DISTRICT SUFFRAGE BILL.—The Senate will usually attractive occasion, especially as it is ex- attempt to pass the District negro suffrage bill by

THE REVENUE AND TARIFF BILLS.—The Committee on Ways and Means are expected to press tox Court House steadily counseled the citizens of the consideration of the internal revenue and tariff bills before the amendment question, but the latter will give way to nothing else.

> THE BANKRUPT BILL.—The bankrupt bill is not only to be again brought forward, but is likely to Don, screw..... 8 twenty in the House. It has been defeated on two occasions, at this session, by absenteeism and by disputed details. But it is now thought that, with some slight modifications, it will pass both Houses.

MASONIC VISIT TO THE PRESIDENT.—The Presirived in town last night, and have taken quarters dent, who is a member of the Masonic fraternity, rececived on Wednesday a delegation of Knights Sir James Hope, K. C. B. How long these officers will remain in this city Templar of the United States, who were intro-

tive in relation to the removals and appointments them as gentlemen and liberal minded Americans them as gentlemen and liberal minded Americans them as gentlemen and confidence of our people.

House of Representatives reports against any modification of the test oath, holding, as a principle, that men who have been openly disloyal should not occupy Federal offices.

> SHOCKING DEATH OF THREE CHILDREN. -BOSTON, that he has organized a regular Baptist church of April 22, 1866.—The wall of a building in process of demolition on Orange lane fell down last night, "We have purchased a building lot in a pleasant part burying" in the rubbish and killing three little of the city. I have advanced the money to pay for it, my boys, named Robert Wilkins, Henry Woods and Robert St. Clair, all between six and twelve years of age. Mary Fisher, eighteen years old, had that Dr. Slayter, one of the physicians who volboth her legs broken and received other injuries. unteered to attend the cholera patients on the to show to all that my work is one of love. This course The parents of the children are poor people re- England, was taken ill on Monday morning, and siding in the vicinity of the scene of disaster.

> The house of David Pellet, a farmer, residing about a mile from Norwich, Chenango county, was robbed of seven thousand dollars in money police are on the track of the remainder. We and government bonds last Thursday, during the understand the charge against them will be that absence of Mr. Pellet and his wife. Two men assaulted his son and compelled him to disclose where the money was kept. He was so badly army was under discussion in the House of Repbeaten as to be insensible when his father return-OFFICIAL RETURNS FROM CONNECTICUT. - The fol-

> lowing is the official vote of Connecticut: 43,974 English43,433 Hawley over English, 541 Scattering 10 Lt.-Gov. Winchester 43,998 Hyde.... cargo of crystal blacks for the North Carolina Sec. State. Pease 44,405 Ofney ... Treasurer.Tainter 44,413 Barbour. Comptroller.Battell 44,403 Kingsbury Republican majorities—Winchester, 872; Pease, 1,221; late demonstration in Connecticut of a large num-

Deaths.	Native.	Foreign
1832	1,027	2,486
1834	301	670
18495,071	1,627	3,444
1854	606	1,903
Total 12,064	3,531	8,503

An Odd Catastrophe.—An East India paper re some hundreds or thousands of the incumbents of on the anxious seats, and there was one regenera- ports that the other day a sad accident happened tion. We understand the ordinance of haptism near Shoolay. As an elephant was rubbing itself will be administered this evening, after a discourse against a wall, it fairly pushed it down, causing the death of two out of three men who were sleeping the Macon Telegraph says, met in Macon on Satur-

No Cholera in New York.—There is no Asiatic | tendance. cholera in our city. It has come near us by means of emigrant ships from Europe, and is very likely to vist us in the course of the ensuing summer, though we have a Health Commission that is doing

A VICTIM TO CHOLERA. - Dr. Slater, the Health Officer of Halifax, who in the faithful discharge of his duties proceeded on board of the cholera ship | Old School Presbyterian Church at St. Louis next that the Public Treasurer is in constant recepit of England, to alleviate the distress of the afflicted, numerous applications for the funding of State was stricken down with the disease and died on

TRIAL OF GEN. LEE, GEN. WISE AND OTHERS.-Northern creditors, the interference is gratifying The Attorney General has been in consultation that they do not anticipate that there is danger with Judge Underwood with reference to the trials Recorder of Philadelphia, have been consolidated of the State's being turned over to the "tender of Wise, Lee and some sixty others who were in- under the tittle of The Episcopalian, and will be dicted for treason in the United State: District published simultaneously in both cities. Court at Norfolk last summer. It is not likely DISTINGUISHED ARRIVALS.—Gens. Stedman and that the indictment against General Lee will be Fullarton, who have been sent South by President prosecuted at the May term, if indeed, the trial Johnson for the purpose of investigating the operations of the Freedmen's Bureau, and reporting of the persons indicted at Norfolk, Henry A. Wise, ern States, arrived in the city last night. They disposed of this season in Virginia, unless it be

The President to-day completed the appointments of Collectors and Assessors for the districts

On Thursday last a torpedo, which had been sunk for three years and one month, in Charleston harbor, exploded off the beach of Sullivan's Island, near battery "B," in about eight fathoms Boston, has turned preacher, either for the want of HOME AGAIN. -Our whilom friend, Lou. Ander- of water. It is supposed to have been exploded honester employment or with a view to political

officers in Texas, under the new Constitution able boisterousness in singing and praying. adopted by the State Reconstruction Convention. will take place on the first Monday in June. The candidate for Gevernor of the Conservative party is J. W. Throckmorton, and the Republican candidate is E. M. Pease. No Congressmen are to be vell and Dr. N. M. Crawford editors. chosen at this election.

The Fredericksburg Herald learns that the contractors for the Alexandria and Fredericksburg what crustily by bachelors, tightly wedded to their railroad, Northern men, refuse to employ negroes. THE SOUTHERN STATES.—It is believed that the

President will soon issue another proclamation in noon, the corner stone of a new Jewish Synagogue in regard to the status of the Southern States, in- was laid in Thirty-ninth street, near Seventh avcluding Texas, and stating explicitly that martial enue, New York, amid the chants, invocations, law is at an end and the writ of hubeas corpus re- and impressive ceremonies of the Hebrew faith.

into and sunk off Portland, and all hands but one power of General Sickels, has declined to sit on New Brunswick, has been called to fill his place. any further cases until the judiciary of the State is protected from an officious interference that is as embarrassing as degrading.

Not less than four hundred widows in that city are applicants for aid from the Bangor Fuel So- two of the Episcopal Churches in Charleston, S. ciety. Bangor has a population of about sixteen C., are making a united movement for educating thousand.

The ladies in nearly every city and town in the an extremely unfavorable impression at Vienna. South are moving to celebrate the coming May by Dr. Tait, Bishop of London, the most popular Austria reiterates her demand in a note of the substantial testimonials in commemoration of of the Episcopal Bench, was seized with exhaus-31st ult., and expresses a hope that Prussia will their dead heroes. This patriotic work is being tion after preaching at St. Paul's on 29th March,

> States soldiers in that city stop and disarm white men in the street, while negroes are allowed to carry weapons without molestation.

cago, a few days ago.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

Special Notices will be charged \$2 00 per square for each

All Obituaries and private publications of every characer, are charged as advertisements.

No advertisement, reflecting upon private character, can, under any circumstances, be admitted.

FELONY TO SHIP NITRO-GLYCERINE. -SAN FRANcisco, April 21.—The Chamber of Commerce have telegraphed the California delegation in Congress their resolutions requesting the passage of a law making it felony to ship or transport nitro-glycer-ine within the United States on American vessels.

FLEET FOR THE FISHERIES.—The fleet ordered to pected that he will address the students. It is not a two-thirds vote in advance of the new constitu- the fisheries is a strong one, under the command only the fact that Gen. Lee had in the army he commanded in person many citizen from our State, pioneer measure, for if they pass it over the veto "don't-give-up-the-ship' Lawrence." Captain which will attract a host of people, and insure him they will feel quite sure of the same vote for the Charles S. Boggs, of New Jersey, is the man. The following is the list and strength of the squad-

Name and Class. Gun De Soto (flagship), sidewheel 8 Miantonomah, iron-clad, . . . 4 Tonnage. 1,609 1,564 974 1,030 1,310 175 152 150 150 175 150 125 Shamrock, double-ender, . . . 10 Ashuelot, double-ender, (iron) 10 Augusta, side-wheel..... Winooski, double-ender. 7,842 1,085

Total..... 55
*The above is exclusive of officers.

The British squadron on the fishing grounds is very much larger than ours. It numbers twenty one vessels, four hundred and forty-seven guns. and five thousand seven hundred and thirty-seven men. The fleet is commanded by Vice-Admiral

RATHER ANCIENT. - The oldest stove, probably, hall of Virginia's capitol, in Richmond. It was made in England, and sent to Richmond in 1770, and warmed the House of Burgesses for sixty years before it was removed to its present location, where it has been for thirty years. It has survived three British monarchs; has been contemporaneous with four kingly monarchies, two republics, and two Imperial governments of France. The great republic of America has been torn by internecine strife, the breaches partly healed, and still the old stove remains unmoved in the midst

The Montreal (C. E.) Gazette of April 23, reports died of that disease on Tuesday night. Two other DARING ROBBERY.—ALBANY, April 22, 1866.— doctors, Garrie and Gossip, were the currenting passengers made their escape from the quarantine ship, and it is feared may spread the disease.— Three cases of cholera have also been reported at Halifax.

While the bill for the reorganization of the resentatives, Schenck of Ohio, who glories in the title of General—a title which he disgraced by his shameful incompetency and want of couragespoke of Gen. Lee as a "doubly perjured wretch."

THE CONNECTICUT REPUBLICANS,—The National Intelligencer says: "From all parts of the country, we hear on the part of the people, notes of preparation for conflict with the fanatic or mercenary followers of the black flag of Thaddeus Stevens. A PARDONED.—We are informed that J. Parker
Jordan, Esq., one of the counsel for Mrs. Ball,
tried by a Military Commission in this city for
killing a freedman in Warran county, has received.

> TRIAL OF EX-PRESIDENT DAVIS.—The law officer of the Government, under instructions of the President, is preparing to have Jefferson Davis arraigned before the United States Circuit Court of Virginia, which meets at Norfolk, Virginia, on the first Monday in May, upon the charge of high treason. Nothing will prevent this action but the intervention of Congress, or the refusal of Chief Justice Chase to try the case. — Washington Repub-

> THE GEORGIA BAPTIST CONVENTION.—This body, day last. About seventy-five delegate were in at-

Rev. P. H. Mell, D. D., President. Rev. John F. Dagg, Secretary.

Rev. D. W. Gwin, Assistant Secretary. The usual committees on Religious Exercises, Finance and Business were appointed.

Visiting members from Alabama, Virginia and Tennessee, were, on motion, invited to take seats THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—The session of the

month is regarded with much interest, as it is probable that the question of a re-union of the Old and New School branches will be under dis-The Christian Times of New York, and Episcopal

Guizot has become a Roman Catholic

The Pilgrim's Progress has been translated into Matinees are given at the London theatres for

distressed clergymen. Dr. Pusey, so much talked of in religious cir-

Arlington.—A chapel has recently been erect

ed upon the Arlington estate, for the benefit of the freedmen living there. The Raleigh Biblical Recorder says the final struggle for the mastery of the world will be between these two parties, the Baptists and the Ro-

Henry F. Durant, Esq., a well-known lawyer of

The New Haven Common Council have been petitioned to abate as a nuisance one of the color-THE TEXAS ELECTION. - The election for State ed Methodist Churches of that city, for unreason-

The Baptist Witness is the name of a new week-

ly paper which has recently made its appearance in Nashville-J. C. Rodgers publisher; John To-

Rev. Dr. Bellows, referring to Chas. Sumner and Thad. Stevens, says: "Congress is led someown ways, for want of better brides."

A New Jewish Synagogue. - Wednesday after-

The Rev. Dr. Dod, late rector of Trinity Church, Judge Aldrich of South Carolina, having had Princeton, has resigned his charge on account of

The latest English papers announce the death, at the age of seventy-six years, of Rev. John Keble, author of "The Christian Year." That work POVERTY IN MAINE. - The Bangor (Maine) Whig was published in 1827, and has gone through forty editions in England.

A correspondent of the Boston Journal says that colored children, and already have six hundred scholars under their care.

and is still so far indisposed as to be forced to relinguish for awhile his diocesan duties.

The Norfolk Day Book alleges that the United An eccentric individual went to one of the news depots in New York, a few days ago, and called for copies of the World, the Flesh and the Devil. A young American lady, brought up in the On being asked by the news-dealer to be more Christian faith, joined the Jewish church at Chiexplicit, he said he wanted the World, Herald and Forney's Chronicle.

State of North Carolina, and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same, That the officers hereafter named of Montgomery, Ala.; one in the city of New Orleans; and shall annually receive salaries and compensation as follows, to-wit: The Governor of the State four thousand Sec. 7. Be it further enacted, That any one of the Judge